

## FEDERALS DEFEAT REBELS AT PARRAL

Troops from Torreon Recapture Mining Town After Sharp Fight.

## ITS FALL ALARMS VILLA'S FOLLOWERS

Rebels Execute Men Who Stole Across Border from Texas to Burn Bridges.

(The Tribune to The Tribune.)  
Parral, Tex., Feb. 14.—Parral has been taken by the rebels, according to a dispatch from Chihuahua City received here last night. The mining town, which has been held for some time, was attacked on Thursday by a Federal force of one thousand, sent from Torreon. Another force of Federals, which left Torreon at the same time, has moved on to the advice says, and that town is reported under siege.

News of the fall of Parral was sent in to the rebel Governor last night, and that the rebel Governor there had been advised of the attack and the disastrous result to the rebels. Parral was captured by only three hundred rebels, as it was not thought the Torreon Federals would be able to move from that town.

Federal activities around Torreon are regarded by rebel leaders as a menace to their supremacy in the north, and fear is felt that General Pancho Villa has made a serious and perhaps fatal mistake in not pushing the campaign against Torreon when the Federal garrison there was weak. There are now twelve thousand Federals in Torreon, and they have taken the town.

It is claimed by Federals on the border that Villa does not dare leave Juarez for fear Carranza will go to Chihuahua and wrest control of the state from the general while the bulk of the Chihuahua army is around Torreon.

(The Tribune to The Tribune.)

Juarez, Mexico, Feb. 14.—Nine of the several hundred men who crossed the border near El Paso during the week in an effort to destroy railroad communication between Juarez and Chihuahua have been executed. Two of the eleven captured by rebels opposite Ysleta, Tex., were shot in the desert in Juarez to intimidate the other nine and make them confess who was at the head of the expedition. The effort failed, although the remaining prisoners were taken out to witness the executions.

Seven of the twenty-five filibusters who succeeded in getting across the river at Ysleta have been shot, according to American friends of General Pancho Villa, who say he has admitted the executions. That the others in the Juarez jail are to meet the same fate is said to have been decided upon.

Six thousand Sonora rebel troops are being massed at various points to move to Chihuahua within the next ten days, according to a statement given out at the headquarters to-day. It is stated by Villa that this is not an army of invasion, but that the Sonora troops are being mobilized to aid Chihuahua rebels in their need of assistance.

This statement has been made, it is noted, to discredit a report generally current that Carranza is moving against Juarez and Chihuahua City with three thousand Sonora troops and expects to attack Villa with such a small force that he will be able to consent to allow Carranza to establish his seat of government in Chihuahua.

Officials are engineering expeditions across the border into rebel territory, according to a statement made to-day by General Villa. The general says the old story which was back of Porfirio Diaz is repeated on the border, and that it is the same expeditions against the rebels and seeking to use American territory to organize armed forces to send into Chihuahua to burn railroad bridges and to destroy property.

"I know the people back of this Chihuahua move," said Villa to-day. "They are the Carranza and Creel party in Chihuahua."

Villa is bitter against the Carranzas and claims the moneyed men of Chihuahua of the old regime with them, without exception.

## NEWSPAPER DEFIES AMERICAN PROTEST

"El Imparcial" Renews Its Attacks on Wilson, Despite Government Warning.

Mexico City, Feb. 14.—In spite of the protest made by Nelson O'Shaughnessy, American Chargé d'Affaires, and of the instructions of the Mexican Foreign Office to desist from attacks on President Wilson, "El Imparcial," under a three-column first page headline, "The Word of Wilson Lacks Honor, as Does He Himself," comments on the recognition by the United States of the new Peruvian government within four days after the news of the revolt.

This was done, the newspaper says, "in violation of the declaration from the White House on March 11, 1913, that the purpose of the United States is to deny sympathy to all revolutionary governments." From this the conclusion is drawn that "Yankee hypocrisy work only along the line of evil."

With similar prominence "El Imparcial" publishes an account of the alleged failure of 150 banks in the Southern United States because of President Wilson's "inconsistent Mexican policy." An effort is made by the newspaper to show that President Wilson's policy is disapproved by the great majority of people in the United States and by practically all those in the Southern States.

President Huerta gave his personal assurances to Chargé O'Shaughnessy that abusive articles in the local press against foreign rulers will not be tolerated.

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## WARSHIPS OFF FOR MEXICO

Three on the Way to Relieve Four at Vera Cruz.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The battleships Florida, Utah and Delaware were on the way to-day from Chesapeake Bay, to Vera Cruz, to relieve the Rhode Island, the Virginia, the Georgia and the Nebraska, which will go to the north coast of Cuba for winter maneuvers.

As the three vessels on their way are more formidable than those to be relieved, officials say the change will not mean a reduction in the force in Mexican waters or any change of policy in the naval patrol of the Mexican Gulf coast.

The reported killing of W. H. Dodson, an American, at Torreon was denied by Consul Hanna at Monterey.

Captain Harry McLe, P. House, who has been on duty at the naval war college, Newport, was ordered to proceed to Vera Cruz to-day to become chief of staff to Rear Admiral Fletcher, commanding the American squadron.

## SEEKS TERRAZAS'S LANDS

American Offers \$6,000,000 for Confiscated Estate.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.)  
Chihuahua, Mexico, Feb. 14.—Felix McKinney, of Cleveland, head of the McKinney-Corrick syndicate of mine owners in Mexico and Michigan, is negotiating with General Pancho Villa, through Governor Manuel Chao, for the purchase of the vast landed estates of General Luis Terrazas, comprising more than one-half of the State of Chihuahua and valued at from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000. The deal with the rebel leader for the estates which the rebels have seized has proceeded to the point where Mr. McKinney to-day offered \$6,000,000 gold for the lands of the exiled millionaire.

In the negotiations neither General Terrazas nor any of his family has any part. Villa says the lands are the property of the Constitutional government by right of confiscation, having been abandoned, according to the rebel chief, by General Terrazas, who is considered by the rebels an enemy to their cause.

Mr. McKinney, it is understood, is willing to risk \$5,000,000 on the chance that Villa will win and will be able to give a title to the property which will stand in the Mexican courts. If Villa should lose the struggle against Huerta, Mr. McKinney knows he would lose his money, for the land would quickly be restored to General Terrazas.

## FIAT MONEY FOR HUERTA

Dictator Said to Have Decried Issue of Large Sum.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)  
Mexico City, Feb. 14.—Bankers in the capital heard to-day that President Huerta had decreed the issue of fiat money to the amount of 100,000,000 pesos, the irredeemable paper notes to be made legal tender.

The report has not been confirmed, but many in banking circles accept it as true.

Predictions that foreign exchange would reach 50 were proved true to-day, when the rate went to 3 to 1—the highest point yet recorded.

It is estimated that the government will obtain about \$90,000 pesos a year from the new export tax on vanilla.

The government has decided to divide the state of Chihuahua into three military districts—northern, with headquarters at Ciudad Juarez; central, with headquarters at Chihuahua City; and southern, with headquarters at Parral. The commanders are to be, respectively, Generals Jose Ynez Salazar, Pascual Orozco and Benjamin Argumedo.

General Carlos Garcia Hidalgo will retain supreme command of the Northern Division, with Generals Salazar, Orozco and Argumedo operating under him.

Jose Lopez Portillo y Rojas was to-day appointed Attorney General. This is purely a legal office not involving a Cabinet position. Thus the rumors that he would succeed Querido Moreno as Minister of Foreign Affairs is disposed of.

## MRS. LITTLETON IN TEARS

But Smiles Follow When Legislators Grant Her Plea.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.)

Richmond, Va., Feb. 14.—There were few dry eyes among the members of the House of Delegates when Mrs. Martin W. Littleton closed an address of forty-five minutes to-day in explaining why the federal government should purchase Monticello, the home and burial place of Thomas Jefferson, now owned by Representative Levy, of New York.

So effective was Mrs. Littleton's address that the House by unanimous vote passed a joint resolution calling on Virginia's representatives in Congress to aid the movement to have Monticello acquired by the government.

While Mrs. Littleton was exhibiting petitions signed by thousands, it was suggested by a delegate that the members were satisfied and it would expedite matters if she would proceed with her address. Mrs. Littleton's eyes filled with tears, as she understood that her address should close at once. An apology, a bouquet of roses and the adoption of the joint resolution brought back her smiles.

## GOLD BADGE FOR MULDOON

Wrestler Appointed a Deputy by Sheriff Doyle of Westchester.

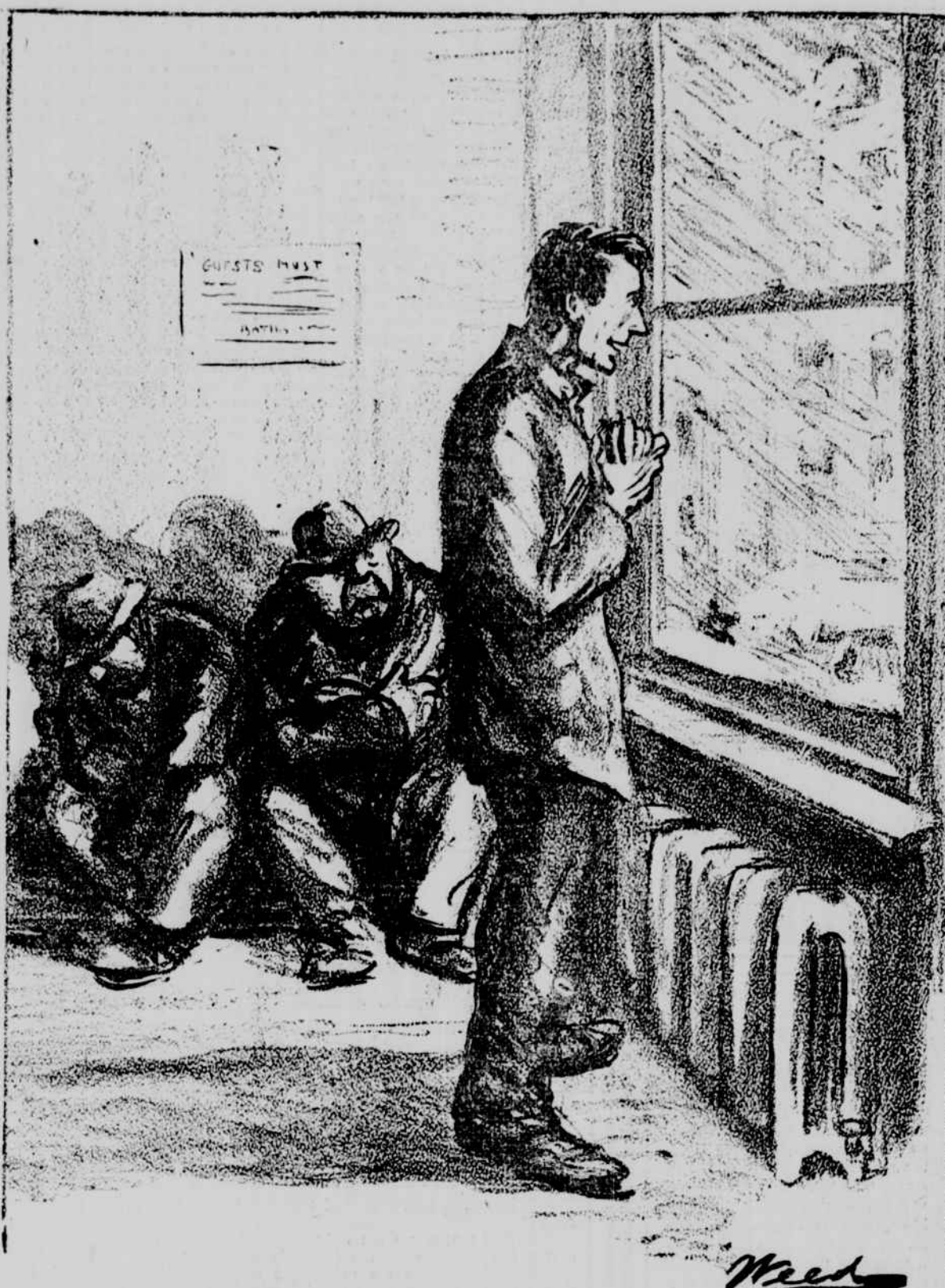
Believing that William Muldoon and trainers, all of whom are athletes, would be valuable additions to his force of deputies, Sheriff William J. Doyle, of Westchester, appointed Muldoon to his staff, which now includes several millionaires.

Muldoon is able to turn out quite a cavalry troupe on short notice from his rest resort.

Dutch Warships Sent to Mexico.

The Hague, Feb. 14.—The Dutch warship Kortenaar sailed to-day for the West Indies to watch developments in Mexico. They will proceed to Mexican waters to protect Dutch subjects in Mexico, if necessary.

## IN A MUNICIPAL LODGING HOUSE.



The Transient—Snow! That means work!  
The Regular—Yes, darn it!

## ALLEGES OFFER TO END GORE CHARGES

Continued from first page.

all is the immediate jewel of the soul, I thank you again and again for your consistent, faithful and effective friendship."

An Office at Stake.

"About June, Fitzpatrick came into my office," Bonner testified, "and said that if Gore would not oppose Robertson's appointment, he and Robertson would have nothing more to do with the case."

He said that this meeting was the result of a prior talk he had with Fitzpatrick in the office of the State Land Department, where Fitzpatrick was employed. According to Bonner he himself brought up the Gore-Bond incident for discussion, and advised the dropping of the matter for the good of the Democratic party. Bonner denied that Fitzpatrick at that meeting had said: "If you and Senator Gore have a secret code by means of which you can communicate, you wire him that I am not asking for any appointment."

J. Q. Newell, United States Marshal of the Western Oklahoma District, appointed after the alleged Winston Hotel assault in Washington in March, 1913, and for which place Dr. J. H. Earp, one of the plaintiff's witnesses, had been a candidate, took the stand and testified that he, too, double-crossing Gore would be in there now, with our feet upon the table, but we will get him yet."

On cross-examination Newell said that both Senators Owen and Gore had recommended his appointment as United States marshal. He denied that he had ever gone to the office of the District Attorney about the Gore trouble, and said: "If you can prove by reputable witnesses that I was ever in the building on that mission I'll resign."

He said that he and Dr. Earp were talking about an interview published shortly after the Bond-Gore incident which quoted Dr. Earp as saying that Gore had told him in Gore's office that he had caressed Mrs. Bond and gotten into serious trouble by doing so. Newell said that when Earp read the story Earp said: "That is a lie; Gore never said anything of the sort. That is some of Jim Jacob's work."

For the purpose of attempting to connect Mrs. Bond with an alleged conspiracy to destroy Senator Gore, Moman Pruett, an attorney, read the deposition of Bert Cole, a Little Rock policeman. The deposition quoted Cole as testifying as follows:

"In May of 1913 myself and wife lived at the Bond residence in Oklahoma City for several weeks, during which time Jim Jacob called frequently at the house and discussed with the Bonds the present suit and the attorneys to be retained in the case."

Introduced Mrs. Bond.

Pruett also read the deposition of Howard M. Spates, manager of the Winston Hotel, in Washington, where the assault on Mrs. Bond is alleged to have been committed. The deposition quoted Spates as saying that he knew nothing of the alleged assault until Wednesday night following the Monday on which Mrs. Bond charges the Senator with having made the attempt to assault her.

The deposition quoted Spates as saying that T. E. Robertson "was much put out about Gore, and said that they were going to publish a book about Gore's past

life and circulate it in Oklahoma, and get even with him."

Gore's counsel introduced several depositions which purported to attack the character of Mrs. Bond by citing alleged specific incidents of her life, and the jury was excused while attorneys argued their admissibility. The depositions were excluded finally under the court's previous ruling that specific acts of Mrs. Bond could not be shown and that the defense would have to rely on testimony as to her general reputation.

"Tom" McMecham, State Senator, took the stand, and said that he introduced Mrs. Bond to Senator Gore at the last session of the Legislature.

"I introduced her by previous arrangements," he testified, "and said, 'Senator Gore, this is Mrs. Bond, whose husband is an applicant for the office of Internal Revenue Collector for Oklahoma.'"

According to McMecham he referred also to the fact that Mrs. Bond had an uncle in Mississippi and that Senator Gore and Mrs. Bond discussed the Mississippi relative. According to witness, Senator Gore told Mrs. Bond he was unable to do anything for her husband, and the witness denied having heard Senator Gore say to Mrs. Bond that he would like to see her later.

McMecham's testimony was for the purpose of contradicting Mrs. Bond's testimony that when she entered Senator Gore's office in Washington she commenced the subject by appraising Senator Gore of having a relative in Mississippi. Witness also testified that he did not ask Deputy Sheriff Ezell the night Senator Gore was served with the summons in the suit to defer serving the summons because an attempt would be made to settle the case out of court.

"I did tell Ezell," he said, "that it was a shame to serve the summons upon Senator Gore after he had come to Oklahoma City as a guest of the Ad Club and the Chamber of Commerce."

F. W. Fisher took the stand in behalf of Senator Gore for the purpose of contradicting T. E. Robertson's statement on Thursday that he had not talked to Fisher, but the defense objected to impeach testimony being introduced without the foundation having been laid.

The Rev. R. D. Licklider was called to the stand by counsel for Gore after announcement to the court that the defense would endeavor to show that a conspiracy existed to destroy Gore.

"Mrs. Bond is on the roll of my church as a member, but is not a member in good standing," he swore. "I know James Jacobs and T. E. Robertson, having had a formal introduction to them while secretary of the Ministerial Alliance when they appeared with Mr. and Mrs. Bond and asked that the Alliance take up the charges against Senator Gore. Mr. Bond read a statement of the charges his wife made against Gore. Jacobs also read a statement prepared by Bond relative to the Bond-Gore episode. They made no definite request relative to the matter, but a committee was appointed to investigate the charges and reported that the charges were not such that the Ministerial Alliance had jurisdiction of."

John M. Young, counsel and personal friend of Senator Gore, as well as fellow townsman, was placed on the stand and denied Dr. Earp's statement that Young had requested of Earp that he forget the conversation he had with Senator Gore in Washington. Young admitted paying expense drafts drawn on him by Moman Pruett, but denied that any of the money was spent, so far as he knew, "in hounding the footsteps of Mrs. Bond and digging up testimony which would tend to damage her character."

Colonel O'Shaughnessy Better.

Colonel James O'Shaughnessy, father of the American Chargé d'Affaires in Mexico City, who is suffering with pneumonia at the Hotel Cumberland, was much improved yesterday. Because of his advanced age—seventy-seven years—his illness is regarded as serious. His son called yesterday he would be unable to leave Mexico City.

## LINER NIAGARA IN DISTRESS

Steamer Loses Starboard Propeller and Blade from Port Screw—Assistance Sent.

London, Feb. 14.—The French Line steamship Niagara, from Havre for New York, is in distress about 135 miles off Ushant, the westernmost of the islands off the coast of Brittany, according to a Havre dispatch to Lloyds' reporting the receipt of a wireless message from the steamship.

The wireless says the Niagara has lost her starboard propeller and one blade from the propeller on the port side.

Much anxiety is felt for the safety of the liner, and a steamer has gone to her assistance.

A cable message from Paris, received at the offices of the French Line agents here late yesterday, reported an accident to the steamer Niagara, which sailed from Havre February 7, and said she was returning to that port. The nature of the accident was not specified in the advice to the line's agents here, but it contained the information that the liner was returning under her own power, that the passengers and crew were safe, the boat in no present danger and that no anxiety was felt for her safety.

## GET FOUR TICKET "SPECS"

Detectives Seize Sidewalk Vendors in New Crusade.

A squad of detectives were sent through the theatre district yesterday afternoon after ticket speculators. They were instructed by Inspector Gillen to apply the anti-speculating ordinance and to arrest any one they found selling tickets on the sidewalk.

In the neighborhood of Seventh avenue and 42d street Detectives Watson, Blanch and Bach spent several minutes watching a group of active men, who hustled out from the shelter of a building to grab the elbow of any one who seemed to have time to spare. They arrested four men on charges of disorderly conduct.

The prisoners gave their names as Benjamin Jones, of No. 248 West 42d street; Frank Jones, of No. 118 West 42d street; Frank Cunniff, of No. 218 West 38th street, and Charles Levy, of No. 121 West 11th street. They were taken to the night court.

## BAREFOOT TANGO ENDS IN BELLEVUE

Japanese Snow Dancer and Blue-coat Tread Merry Measure Ere Former Yields.

Sergeant McAdams, of the East 51st street station, found an odd looking little man doing a bare-foot tango all by his lonesome on the snow-covered porch of the house at No. 77 West 44th street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

McAdams thought he was drunk and started to gather him in, when in three shakes of a lamb's tail McAdams was lying on his back at the bottom of the stairs. The little man turned out to be a Japanese with a surprising knowledge of the jiu-jitsu.

McAdams, rubbing his head, started after the little man again. The two jiu-jitsu in the snow for a minute or so and McAdams soon had the stranger in a patrol wagon.

The prisoner said he was Leo Kayto, a butler. In a cell he developed chills and was soon in a raging fever. Dr. Board, of Flower Hospital, said he was insane and sent him to Bellevue.

## JANITOR FINDS GAS LEAK

Now Is Dead and Five Others Are Injured—Carried Lamp.

Newton, N. J., Feb. 14.—William Wasmuth, janitor of the new Odd Fellows Hall, at Ogdensburg, was killed early to-day and his seven-year-old daughter Dora and four other persons were badly injured, by an explosion of acetylene gas.

There was a dance in the hall last night, and when the lights suddenly became dim Wasmuth went into the cellar to investigate, carrying a lighted lamp.

Wasmuth was found dead beside a wall. His head was crushed and his body was badly mangled. His little daughter was found twenty feet away. She was bleeding and unconscious. Jacob Lipsky, a clothing store proprietor, was also badly injured. He and Wasmuth's daughter were hurried to the Franklin Hospital, where their condition is said to be critical. The others injured were treated by ambulance surgeons and sent home.

## MUSCULAR WOMAN ARRESTS YOUNG MAN

Mrs. Clara Fausner Pinions a Youth Who, She Charges, Was Cruel to Horse.

Mrs. Clara Fausner, a wealthy widow, who has many real estate holdings, and who lives at No. 505 West 123d street, last night arrested Thomas Conaney, twenty-three, of No. 340 West 123d street, an employee of a dairy company, on a charge of cruelty to animals.

Mrs. Fausner was taking the man to the West 123d street station, when she met Patrolman Thompson.

"I want you to arrest this man," she said to the policeman. Thompson looked at Conaney, whose arms were pinioned by Mrs. Fausner, who is as powerful as she looks, and said:

"I think he is sufficiently arrested at present." Thompson, however, took charge of Conaney.

Mrs. Fausner, with her secretary, Philip Meitz, was walking at Broadway and 123d street, when they saw an ice wagon to which two horses were attached. The wagon was jammed in the snow and the driver was beating the horses. The animals struggled, but could not move the wagon. Then, according to Mrs. Fausner, Conaney, who was shovelling snow outside the dairy, where he works, said:

"If I bet I can make that wagon move."

With that, Mrs. Fausner says, he brought down his long-handled shovel on the back of the high horse. The animal leaped, and the leap got the wagon out of the drift. Mrs. Fausner, however, had not been impressed by the method, especially, as she says, the blow cut into the horse's flesh and caused blood to flow. She allowed the wagon to go on as she devoted her attention to Conaney, and very promptly grabbed that young man with a hold he could not get away from.

## MISSING CLERK FOUND

Tribune Story Results in Carter's Revealing Whereabouts.

The Tribune's exclusive story yesterday of the disappearance of William Simpson Carter, formerly cashier of the Hotel Latham, led to Carter's wiring Fred Hanna, with whom he lived at No. 541 West 145th street, that he was alive and well. Carter asked that his trunk be sent to No. 321 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

Carter in Philadelphia expressed surprise that his disappearance from New York should cause his friends to worry.

"I had been in New York a long time," he said, "and was not making any headway, so I decided to leave town. It did not occur to me that my dropping out of sight would worry anybody, as I'm over seven. But there was no mystery. I just quit."

Carter said he expected to begin work Monday as cashier of a Norristown, Penn., hotel.



THE present selection, here, of Spring Fashions is equal to the display usually made just before Easter—and includes many exclusive models and materials of which there are but one or two of a kind.

Therefore it is none too early to choose styles for Spring—in fact, there are decided advantages in making selections now from this distinguished collection of the new modes—

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